

# Dapivirine Ring Development: Next Steps

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## What's Next for the Dapivirine Ring?

#### **REGULATORY PATHWAY**

Applications for regulatory approval will be submitted starting mid-2017

Potential Access

#### **PUBLIC HEALTH PATHWAY**

Two open-label extension studies and adherence studies to support consistent use





## Path to Regulatory Approval

#### IPM's role: regulatory sponsor

- Hold worldwide rights to dapivirine
- Ensure all preclinical, clinical and pharmaceutical quality/chemistry, manufacturing and controls (CMC) data meet regulatory requirements
- Formally apply for dapivirine ring approval through European, US and African regulatory authorities

Approval pathway for new HIV prevention drug can be more complex than for a drug already approved for treatment (e.g., oral Truvada)



## **Regulatory Submission Plans**

As of 3/20/17



#### **European Medicines Agency (EMA)**

- Article 58 eligibility reconfirmed 2016
- (Co) Rapporteur meetings Jan 2017
- Pre-submission meeting Feb 2017
- Target submission Q2 2017

#### **World Health Organization (WHO)**

Article 58 process facilitates WHO prequalification (PQ)

#### **US Food and Drug Administration (FDA)**

Target submission mid-2018



## Why WHO Prequalification?

- Process to evaluate whether a drug meets global standards
  - Quality
  - Safety
  - o Efficacy
- Many African regulatory agencies use WHO prequalification to determine which new products to approve, and review EMA decisions



## Regulatory Submission Plans (cont.)

As of 3/20/17



#### **African National Regulatory Authorities**

- Target submission to South African Medicines Control Council in Q4 2017
- Following WHO PQ, first round of submissions to Kenya, Malawi, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe



## **Regulatory Timeline**

As of 3/20/17

2016 2018 2019 2017



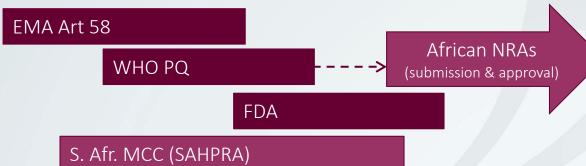
Open-label extension study: DREAM

Open-label extension study: HOPE



African adolescents study: REACH

Supporting Safety and PK Studies







## **Public Health Pathway**

 Open-label extension studies: DREAM (IPM 032) and HOPE (MTN-025) launched in July 2016 for former Phase III participants



- Assessment of ring adherence in ASPIRE and HOPE (MTN-032)
- REACH adolescent study planned for 2017:
   Assess safety of and adherence to dapivirine ring and oral PrEP among 300 young women 16-21 in South Africa, Uganda, Zimbabwe (MTN-034/IPM 045)



#### DAPIVIRINE RING EXTENDED ACCESS AND MONITORING

A FOLLOW-ON, OPEN-LABEL TRIAL TO ASSESS CONTINUED SAFETY OF AND ADHERENCE TO THE DAPIVIRINE (25 MG) VAGINAL RING-004 IN HEALTHY, HIV-NEGATIVE WOMEN

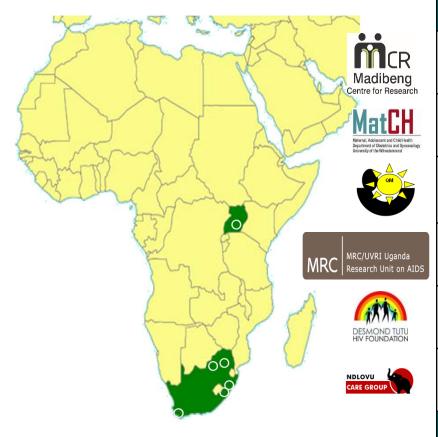
| Trial Design          | Phase III, Open-label, Multi-Centre Trial  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Primary<br>Objective  | <ul> <li>Assessment of Long-term Safety profile</li> <li>Adherence to the Dapivirine Vaginal Ring use</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| Trial<br>Population   | Up to approximately 1400 former IPM 027 participants will be enrolled  |  |  |  |  |
| Treatment<br>Regimen  | 25 mg Dapivirine Vaginal Ring, replaced monthly  |  |  |  |  |
| Follow-up<br>Regimens | Follow-up visit one month after enrolment – up to three months 3-monthly visit schedule:  • three rings dispensed to the participant  • two additional to take home, or  • dispensing will take place as arranged with the participant |  |  |  |  |
| Study<br>Duration     | Each participant will engage in the screening process for up to 45 days prior to enrolment Dapivirine Vaginal Ring-004 use cont. for a period of up to 12 months, with an option to extend   |  |  |  |  |

#### DAPIVIRINE RING EXTENDED ACCESS AND MONITORING

## IPM 032 PROTOCOL\_V2.0, AMENDMENT 2 DATED 16 JAN 2017\* SUMMARY OF CHANGES

| Decliner<br>Population   | Behavioral Questionnaire   |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ring Naïve<br>Cohorts    | Two additional DVR-naïve cohorts  • ≥18 to ≤21 years and >21 to <25 years  • 300 participants each   |  |  |  |  |
| Enrolled<br>Participants | <ul> <li>Option to not use the vaginal ring (ring non-users) after initial 3 months' of ring use</li> <li>Initiate ring use again at any time</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| Qualitative<br>Component | <ul> <li>In-depth interviews:</li> <li>Decliner population/Ring users/Ring Non-users/Cases of Interest/Male partners/and or male community members</li> <li>DVR-naïve cohorts:</li> <li>Baseline behavioural assessment</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |

### **Accrual Status**



| Activation  | Screened | Screen<br>Failed | Enrolled | Discontinued |  |
|-------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------------|--|
| 21 Jul 2016 | 245      | 15               | 211      | 2            |  |
| 23 Aug 2016 | 168      | 10               | 152      | 2            |  |
| 11 Jul 2016 | 224      | 25               | 196      | 6            |  |
| 30 Jan 2017 | 119      | 6                | 82       | 0            |  |
| 16 Aug 2016 | 61       | 1                | 60       | 2            |  |
| 22 Jul 2016 | 89       | 3                | 86       | 2            |  |
| Total*      | 906      | 60               | 787      | 14           |  |

\*16 March 2017





## Main Reasons for Screening Failures



Unavailable for all visits

Currently pregnant, intends to become pregnant or breast-feeding

Contraception non-use





## Main Reasons for Declining Trial Participation

- Family influences
- Working / school / studies
- Planning a family / getting married
- Relocation
- Not interested







## **Meeting Manufacturing Demands**



- 2005: IPM built a clinical trials manufacturing facility for gels, helping to shorten time lines to clinical trials
- 2007: Initiated expansion for ring manufacturing
- 2010: Scaled up by transferring technology to partner QPharma (Sweden)





## **Commercial Manufacturing Summary**

- QPharma will be commercial launch partner
- Capacity in place to meet commercial demand with ability to scale up
- Cost at current scale: ~\$7/ring
- Target cost at advanced scale-up: ~\$2-3/ring



## **Market Introduction: IPM Activity Tracker**

|                          | Task   | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|--------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
|                          | <b>Demand Forecasting</b>  |      |      |      |      |
| Understanding the Market | Stakeholder Mapping  |      |      |      |      |
|                          | Value Chain Situation Analysis   |      |      |      |      |
|                          | Market Research Country studies on the target market's providers and end-users, for use in DVR packaging and informational materials |      |      |      |      |
|                          | <b>Brand Development</b>   |      |      |      |      |



## Market Introduction: IPM Activity Tracker (cont.)

|               | Task  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|---------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| Market Access | Supply and Distribution                           |      |      |      |      |
|               | Communications, Advocacy, Awareness and Education |      |      |      |      |
|               | Financing and Procurement                         |      |      |      |      |
|               | Global and National Policy                        |      |      |      |      |
|               | Country Implementation                            |      |      |      |      |
|               | Monitoring and Evaluation                         |      |      |      |      |



## **Brand Name Development**

- Conducted safety, market research on 22 names
  - With Brand Institute/Drug Safety Institute
  - Research topics: fit-to-concept, attribute evaluations, memorability, exaggeration/appropriateness, similarity to current product names or medical terms, prescription simulation
  - Risk scores determined for each name
- Eight candidates with lowest risk scores advanced
  - Focus groups with 300+ women in Phase III countries
  - Janssen conducting trademark research
  - Results expected mid-2017
  - Lead and backup candidate names expected 2017 for SA MCC submission



## It Takes a Village

Women, End-Users, Communities

Civil Society Regulatory Authorities

Implementing Organizations

Policymakers and Government Agencies

Advocates Procurement Agencies, Distributors

HIV & SRH
Prevention
Programs

Health Care Workers
and Clinics



## **Women Need Multiple Options**

- Women-initiated technologies are a key component of a comprehensive prevention package
- No one option will suit everyone
- To end the epidemic, women need multiple options that meet their various needs, including daily oral PrEP, long-acting vaginal rings and one day rectal microbicides, injectables and vaccines





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